

# MBMT Number Theory Round – Erdős

March 9, 2025

Full Name \_\_\_\_\_

Student ID Number \_\_\_\_\_

**DO NOT BEGIN UNTIL YOU ARE  
INSTRUCTED TO DO SO.**

This round consists of **8** questions. You will have **30** minutes to complete the round. Each question is *not* worth the same number of points. Questions answered correctly by fewer competitors will be weighted more heavily. Please write your answers in a reasonably simplified form.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. What is the smallest positive three-digit integer that is a multiple of 5, but not a multiple of 2 or 3?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. What is the second-smallest positive integer that is a multiple of both 4 and 6?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Evan bakes seventy cookies. He can put the cookies in bags with either six cookies or ten cookies per bag. How many more *completely full* bags would he have if he put six cookies in each bag than if he put ten cookies in each bag?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. What is the smallest positive integer  $N$  such that its value is 5 times the sum of its digits?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Alice's answer to her math homework has been eaten by her pet ants, who only eat their favorite digit. Her answer is now  $7X91X8$  where  $X$  is a missing digit. If Alice remembers that her answer was divisible by 12, what digit did the ants eat?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Shriyan divides his favorite three-digit number by 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, and 11 and gets a remainder of 1 each time. What is Shriyan's favorite three-digit number?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Three *consecutive* nonzero digits are taken, and the 6 numbers formed by permuting the digits are added. What is the largest integer that must divide the sum?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Let  $\lfloor x \rfloor$  represent the largest integer less than or equal to  $x$ . There exists a unique 5-digit positive integer  $n$  such that the sum of its digits is 20 and

$$\left\lfloor \frac{n}{10} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{n}{100} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{n}{1000} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{n}{10000} \right\rfloor = 2025$$

What is the product of the digits of  $n$ ?