

# MBMT Geometry Round – Cantor

April 7, 2018

Full Name \_\_\_\_\_

Team Number \_\_\_\_\_

**DO NOT BEGIN UNTIL YOU ARE  
INSTRUCTED TO DO SO.**

This round consists of **8** questions. You will have **30** minutes to complete the round. Each question is *not* worth the same number of points. Questions answered correctly by fewer competitors will be weighted more heavily. Please write your answers in a reasonably simplified form.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1 A circle has circumference  $6\pi$ . Find the area of this circle.

*Proposed by Daniel Zhu*

*Solution.*  $\boxed{9\pi}$

The circle has radius  $\frac{6\pi}{2\pi} = 3$ . Thus it has area  $\pi \cdot 3^2 = 9\pi$ .  $\square$

- \_\_\_\_\_ 2 Points  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$  are on a line such that  $AB = 6$  and  $BC = 11$ . Find all possible values of  $AC$ .

*Proposed by Daniel Zhu*

*Solution.*  $\boxed{5, 17}$

Depending on the location of  $A$ ,  $AC$  is either  $11 + 6 = 17$  or  $11 - 6 = 5$ .  $\square$

- \_\_\_\_\_ 3 A trapezoid has area 84 and one base of length 5. If the height is 12, what is the length of the other base?

*Proposed by Steven Qu*

*Solution.*  $\boxed{9}$

If the length of the other base is  $b$ , then

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 12 \cdot (5 + b) = 84.$$

Solving this yields  $b = \boxed{9}$   $\square$

- \_\_\_\_\_ 4 27 cubes of side length 1 are arranged to form a  $3 \times 3 \times 3$  cube. If the corner  $1 \times 1 \times 1$  cubes are removed, what fraction of the volume of the big cube is left?

*Proposed by Chris Tong*

*Solution.*  $\boxed{\frac{19}{27}}$

There are 8 corners. If the 8 corner pieces are removed, then the resulting solid will contain  $27 - 8 = 19$   $1$  by  $1$  by  $1$  cubes. Therefore, the ratio of the volumes is  $\boxed{\frac{19}{27}}$ .  $\square$

- \_\_\_\_\_ 5 There is a 50-foot tall wall and a 300-foot tall guard tower 50 feet from the wall. What is the minimum  $a$  such that a flat “X” drawn on the ground  $a$  feet from the side of the wall opposite the guard tower is visible from the top of the guard tower?

*Proposed by Shwetha Kunnam*

*Solution.*  $\boxed{10}$

The tower and wall should line up at the maximum possible distance point; if the tower is further back, the "X" won't be visible, while if the tower is further forward, the distance will not be maximized. Set up similar triangles: one consists of the guard tower's top, base, and the "X" as vertices, while the other consists of the wall's top, base, and the "X" as vertices. Then, set up a proportion: (wall height)/(distance from wall to "X") = (tower height)/(distance from tower to "X") and substitute values to get  $50/10 = 300/y$ . Solve to get  $y = 60$ , but remember that  $y =$  distance from tower to "X", so you subtract the distance from wall to "X" (10 feet) to get  $\boxed{50}$  feet  $\square$

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- 6 Steven's pizzeria makes pizzas in the shape of equilateral triangles. If a pizza with side length 8 inches will feed 2 people, how many people will a pizza of side length of 16 inches feed?

*Proposed by Daniel Zhu*

*Solution.*  $\boxed{8}$

The area scales up by a factor  $2^2 = 4$ . So the answer is  $2 \cdot 4 = \boxed{8}$ .  $\square$

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- 7 Consider rectangle  $ABCD$ , with  $1 = AB < BC$ . The angle bisector of  $\angle DAB$  intersects  $\overline{BC}$  at  $E$  and  $\overline{DC}$  at  $F$ . If  $FE = FD$ , find  $BC$ .

*Proposed by Steven Qu*

*Solution.*  $\boxed{2 + \sqrt{2}}$

Let  $BC = x$ .

$$FE = FA - EA = (x - 1)\sqrt{2}, FD = AD = x.$$

Equating and solving yields  $x = \boxed{2 + \sqrt{2}}$ .  $\square$

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- 8  $\triangle ABC$  is a right triangle with  $\angle A = 90^\circ$ . Square  $ADEF$  is drawn, with  $D$  on  $\overline{AB}$ ,  $F$  on  $\overline{AC}$ , and  $E$  inside  $\triangle ABC$ . Point  $G$  is chosen on  $\overline{BC}$  such that  $EG$  is perpendicular to  $BC$ . Additionally,  $DE = EG$ . Given that  $\angle C = 20^\circ$ , find the measure of  $\angle BEG$ .

*Proposed by Kevin A. Zhou*

*Solution.*  $\boxed{55^\circ}$

Since the angles of a triangle add up to  $180^\circ$ , the  $\angle B = 70^\circ$ . Notice that point  $E$  is the incenter of triangle  $ABC$ . This means that  $BE$  bisects  $\angle ABC$ , so the measure of  $\angle GBE = 35^\circ$ . Then, the measure of  $\angle BEG = \boxed{55^\circ}$ .  $\square$