MBMT Geometry Round — Lobachevsky

Full Name _____

Team Number _____

DO NOT BEGIN UNTIL YOU ARE INSTRUCTED TO DO SO.

This round consists of 8 questions. You will have **30** minutes to complete the round. Each question is **not** worth the same number of points. Questions answered by fewer competitors are weighted more heavily. Please write your answers in the simplest possible form.

- 1. Let ABCD be a square with side length 30. A circle centered at the center of ABCD with diameter 34 is drawn. Let E and F be the points at which the circle intersects side AB. What is EF?
- 2. What is the area of the quadrilateral bounded by |2x| + |3y| = 6?
- 3. Right triangle ABC has hypotenuse AB. Altitude CD divides AB into segments AD and DB, with AD = 20 and DB = 16. What is the area of triangle ABC?
- 4. Circle *O* has chord *AB*. Extend *AB* past *B* to a point *C*. A ray from *C* is drawn, and this ray intersects circle *O*. Let point *D* be the point of intersection of the ray and the circle that is closest to point *C*. Given AB = 20, BC = 16, and $OA = \frac{201}{6}$, find the longest possible length of *CD*.
- 5. Consider a circular cone with vertex A. The cone's height is 4 and the radius of its base is 3. Inscribe a sphere inside the cone. Find the ratio of the volume of the cone to the volume of the sphere.
- 6. A disk of radius $\frac{1}{2}$ is randomly placed on the coordinate plane. What is the probability that it contains a lattice point (point with integer coordinates)?
- 7. Let ABC be an equilateral triangle of side length 2. Let D be the midpoint of BC, and let P be a variable point on AC. By moving P along AC, what is the minimum perimeter of triangle BDP?
- 8. Let ABCD be a rectangle with AB = 8 and BC = 9. Let DEFG be a rhombus, where G is on line BC and A is on line EF. If $m \angle EFG = 30^{\circ}$, what is DE?